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BY MARTEN & Cº

INTERNATIONAL

# **CEIBA Investments**

Real estate | Update | 29 September 2022

## A long-term play

CEIBA Investments (CBA), the foremost foreign investor in Cuban real estate, has seen its share price fall to all-time lows with a combination of harsh US sanctions on Cuba, the COVID-19 pandemic, and economic and political instability hitting sentiment. The manager states that there are optimistic signs of improving fortunes on all three fronts, however.

In June, the first measures to ease the US-Cuban embargo were put into effect – the first steps made by President Biden to come good on his campaign promise to reverse the harsh economic sanctions imposed by President Trump. Meanwhile, tourist arrivals to the country continue to grow as international travel resumes – good news for CBA's four hotel assets (with a fifth on the way in 2023) as the Caribbean high season approaches. CBA's manager thinks that, in time, economic and political reforms in the country should have a positive effect on the Cuban economy.

#### Tourism and commercial property in Cuba

CBA invests in and manages a portfolio of Cuban real estate assets, focused on commercial and hotels, with the aim of providing a regular level of income and capital growth.

Year ended	Share price total return (%)	NAV total return (%)	Earnings per share (pence)	Dividend per share (pence)
31/12/2019	(26.0)	1.7	4.2	0.0
31/12/2020	19.0	(9.3)	(10.6)	0.0
31/12/2021	(24.3)	(16.8)	(11.6)	0.0

Source: Morningstar, Marten & Co. Note: Returns in GBP not USD

Sector	Property - other
Ticker	CBA LN
Base currency <sup>1</sup>	GBP
Price	47.0p
NAV <sup>2</sup>	104.4p
Premium/(discount)	(55.0%)
Yield	0%

Notes: 1) CBA's shares are quoted in sterling, but the functional currency is US dollars. CBA publishes its NAV in both sterling and dollars. 2) Last published NAV was \$1.12 at 30 June 2022 (GBP equivalent 104.4p using USD/GBP exchange rate of 1.073 at 27 September 2022).

#### Share price and discount

#### Time period 22/10/2018 to 27/09/2022



Source: Morningstar, Marten & Co

#### Performance since launch

#### Time period 22/10/2018 to 27/09/2022



Source: Morningstar, Marten & Co





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Domicile	Guernsey
Inception date	22 October 2018
Manager	Sebastiaan Berger
Market cap	£64.7m
Shares outstanding	137.7m
Daily vol. (1-yr. avg.)	18.5k shares
Loan to value	17.6%

Click here for our initiation note on CBA



Click here for an updated CBA factsheet



Analysts Richard Williams rw@martenandco.com	
James Carthew jc@martendandco.com	
Matthew Read mr@martendandco.com	

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### **Fund roundup**

Further information about the trust is available at: www.ceibalimited.co.uk

CEIBA Investments (CBA) is a country fund with a primary focus on Cuban real estate assets, which owns a portfolio of commercial and hotel properties. It was incorporated in October 1995 and started making investments in Cuba in 1996. It was listed on the Irish Stock Exchange between 1996 and 2002 and what was then called the Channel Islands Stock Exchange, between 2004 and 2011. In 2002, a new management team was appointed, headed by current lead manager Sebastiaan Berger.

On 22 October 2018, the company completed an IPO raising a further £30m, and listed all of its ordinary shares (total market cap of close to £137m) on the Specialist Fund Segment of the London Stock Exchange.

CBA is a unique investment company, and the value of its real estate assets is largely linked to the US and the status of its embargo on Cuba; political and economic instability in the country; and the level of tourist arrivals in Cuba (which have been heavily impacted by the coronavirus pandemic). Combined, these have contributed to the group's current wide discount to NAV. But the manager says that there are optimistic signs that situations are improving on all three issues.

#### US embargo: small steps could lead to giant leaps

Up until a couple of months ago, there was little sign of change in relations with the US and the harsh economic sanctions placed on the Caribbean nation under the Trump administration, despite President Biden stating that he intended to reverse them during his campaign to become president. It took more than a year from his inauguration in January 2021 before there was any movement to make good on that promise.

We explained in more detail the embargo and impact on Cuba in our initiation research note on CBA (which can be read here). However, in summary, direct foreign investment into Cuba was significantly impacted during the term of the Trump administration, increased restrictions were placed on US citizens travelling to Cuba, US cruise ships were banned from calling at Cuban ports and family remittances were severely limited.

In May 2022, the Biden administration announced its first measures to ease the US Cuban embargo and on 8 June 2022, amendments to the Cuban Assets Control Regulations were published in the US Federal Register. The summary reads:

"The Department of the Treasury's Office of Foreign Assets Control is amending the Cuban Assets Control Regulations ... to increase support for the Cuban people. This rule authorises group people-to-people educational travel to Cuba and removes certain restrictions on authorised academic educational activities, authorises travel to attend or organize professional meetings or conferences in Cuba, removes the \$1,000 quarterly limit on family remittances, and authorises donative remittances to Cuba."

Although these are only small steps in reversing the policies imposed by Trump, CBA's manager believes that these should have a positive impact on Cuba's

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economy and that they could be the first of many. There has been a strong correlation between the success of US politicians in the state of Florida and their policies on Cuba. Once campaigning for the US mid-term congressional elections is completed in November 2022 (where 28 US Representatives from Florida will be elected and the Florida US Senate is being contested), more steps to reverse the restrictions may be taken – including lifting the ban on US visitors to Cuba – the manager believes. The potential upside for the Cuban economy, if relations with the US improve and the number of US visitors increases again, is vast, the manager adds.

#### **Tourist visitor numbers improving**

The lifting of restrictions on US citizens visiting Cuba could have a significant impact on the occupancy and performance of CBA's hotel assets as they come out of the pandemic. US visitors accounted for 13.5% (637,907) of all tourists to Cuba in 2018 before greater restrictions on US citizens visiting the island were put in place by the Trump administration in 2019.

Month	2022	2019	% of 2019 arrivals
January	86,483	489,618	17.3
February	99,266	459,417	21.0
March	128,817	521,422	24.
April	133,281	458,104	29.
May	117,000	358,321	32.7
June	117,564	274,837	42.8
January - June	682,411	2,561,719	26.6

Travel restrictions in the wake of the COVID-19 pandemic had a huge impact on tourist numbers and occupancy across CBA's hotels. As Figure 1 illustrates, tourist arrival numbers are improving month on month as a percentage of the pre-pandemic levels and in June they were 42.8% of 2019. This is encouraging as the Caribbean high season of December to April approaches. CBA's manager states that the hotels within its portfolio (details of which can be found on page 8) are currently operating at around 50% occupancy and that it expects this to rise to 65% when the high season starts. As the number of long-haul flights from Europe to Cuba increases as air travel gets back to normal, the manager expects visitor numbers and hotel occupancy levels to improve further.

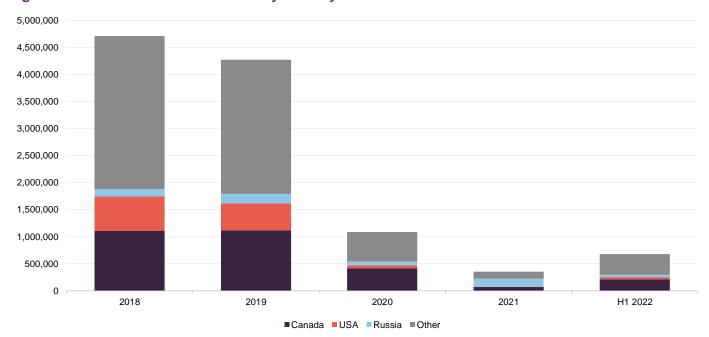
The number of Russian tourists to Cuba hardly fell throughout the pandemic, as shown in Figure 2, with 146,151 arrivals in 2021 compared to 177,977 in 2019, giving Cuba a much-needed boost as arrivals from other countries substantially dropped. However, following Russia's invasion of Ukraine, the number of tourists arrivals from Russia has fallen dramatically, with the vast majority of the 37,654 visits so far this year coming before 24 February, when the invasion began. CBA's manager thinks that Russian visitors are unlikely to return any time soon.



igure 2:	3		tionality o			
Country	2019	% share	2021	% share	Jan-June 2022	% share
Canada	1,120,077	26.2	68,944	19.3	214,122	31.4
USA	498,538	11.7	7,039	2.0	40,600	5.9
Russia	177,977	4.2	146,151	41.0	37,654	5.5
Spain	146,339	3.4	12,520	3.5	27,810	4.1
Germany	174.956	4.1	9.159	2.6	26.570	3.9

Canadian tourists are again the dominant source of arrivals to Cuba this year, making up 31.4% of all arrivals in the first six months, having seen numbers depress significantly in 2021. Canadian arrivals are still below pre-pandemic levels, but with the high season approaching at the end of the year, figures could be boosted further, the manager says.

Figure 3: Tourist arrivals to Cuba by country



Source: National Office of Statistics and Information, Marten & Co

#### **Economic and political stability**

Economic and monetary reforms aim to increase foreign direct investment in Cuba

Cuban economic reforms were announced in 2020 and accelerated in 2021 with the intention of providing greater autonomy to companies and stimulating private sector initiatives and foreign direct investment. This comes alongside political reforms. Miguel Diaz-Canel Bermudez succeeded Raul Castro as president in April 2018,



becoming the first president that is not a Castro family member since 1976, while Raul Castro stepped down from the government altogether last year.

The economic reforms include monetary reforms and currency unification. Currency unification and exchange rate harmonisation was brought into effect on 1 January 2021, ending the dual currency system operating in the Cuban economy. The two Cuban currencies – the Cuban peso (CUP) and the convertible peso (CUC) – were unified through the elimination of the CUC. The CUP has an exchange rate of 1US\$ to 24CUP.

The elimination of the double currency was intended to improve financial discipline, transparency and accountability within Cuba's state-owned enterprises. However, economic uncertainty and the continuation of US sanctions has had a negative impact on the liquidity position of the country and complicated the implementation of the reforms. Significant inflation has ensued due to the scarcity of hard currency income to pay for imported products, triggering a fall in the informal exchange rate to around 150CUP to 1US\$. This has provoked an undesired monetary arbitrage, with joint ventures, international airlines and all state-owned businesses obliged to use the official rate of 24CUP to 1US\$.

Monetary reforms also include the decentralisation of hard currency payments made outside the country (including payment of dividends to foreign investors). The manager believes that this is a very significant step forward for the operations of Cuban foreign investment vehicles, providing them with real financial autonomy and reducing their dependence on centralised foreign exchange decisions. The ability of the Cuban government to implement the new financial autonomy rules has been weakened by ongoing liquidity constraints on the Cuban economy, but in time and with a full recovery of the Cuban tourism sector, the manager expects that the new rules will provide a sound and predictable basis to manage their international obligations in a timely fashion, including the payment of dividends to the foreign shareholder.

Whilst the monetary reforms and unification of currencies definitely adds short-term risk – especially given the poor liquidity position of the country due to the impact of the US sanctions and COVID – the manager states that the changes that are being implemented should have a positive effect on the operations of the Cuban companies in which CBA has an interest, on future opportunities for the company, and on the attractiveness of the country as a foreign direct investment territory over the medium term.



#### **Asset allocation**

CBA's real estate assets are owned though Cuban joint venture companies. CBA's corporate structure was explained in more detail in our initiation note.

CBA's portfolio comprises the Miramar Trade Centre office complex, the adjacent Meliã Habana Hotel, three hotels in Varadero (next to Cuba's only 18-hole golf course), a new hotel construction in Trinidad, an industrial development in Mariel and various financial assets.

CBA's assets are valued twice a year by independent RICS valuer Abacus using the discounted cash flow method. A higher discount rate was applied to value the portfolio at 30 June 2022 to reflect the economic issues facing the country.

Figure 4: Location of CBA's property portfolio



Source: CBA, Google, Marten & Co

#### **Miramar Trade Centre**

Figure 5: Miramar Trade Centre



Source: CBA

CBA owns a 49% interest in Monte Barreto, the Cuban joint venture company that owns the Miramar Trade Centre, with CBA's interest valued at \$53.1m on 30 June 2022 (December 2021: \$67.7m) driven by an increase in the discount rate to 19.75% (December 2021: 12.8%) applied in the discounted cash flow model. The 55,530 sqm office complex is made up of six mixed-use office buildings at the core of the Miramar business district in Havana. It is the premier commercial office complex in Cuba and is the largest in terms of net rentable area, the manager states. Space is let on short lease terms (typically one to two years) in order to facilitate the repositioning of tenants and the rapid resetting of rent levels. The complex maintained a 96.6% occupancy throughout 2021 and the manager expects occupancy levels to remain in the mid- to high-90% this year.

Net income in 2021 reached \$15.6m for the year (up 8.5% on 2020), making 2021 the most profitable year since the incorporation of the joint venture. However, principally as a result of Cuba's present liquidity situation and the uncertainty of the impact of Cuba's monetary reforms on the joint venture company, CBA made a



\$12.3m provision regarding outstanding dividend receivables and lowered the fair value of its interest in the joint venture company.

#### Hotels

Figure 6: Meliã Habana



Source: CBA

CBA has interests in four hotels in Cuba: a five-star hotel in Havana and three (four-and five-star) hotels in Varadero. The hotels have a total of 1,834 rooms and are all managed and operated by Meliã Hotels International (MHI).

CBA owns a 65% interest in HOMASI, with MHI owning the other 35%. HOMASI owns a 50% interest in Miramar, the Cuban joint venture company that owns the four hotels. Via this structure, CBA has an ultimate economic interest of 32.5% in the hotel assets. CBA's stake in the four hotels was valued at \$94.8m at 30 June 2022 (December 2021: \$94.5m).

All four of the hotels currently operating under volatile and unpredictable market conditions, and the outlook for 2022 remains uncertain and depends on the recovery of international travel.

#### Meliã Habana Hotel

A 397-room (including 16 suites), five-star business hotel located on prime ocean-front property directly facing the Miramar Trade Centre, 10 minutes from the city centre and 15 minutes from the airport. The hotel offers conference facilities, numerous meeting rooms, a business centre and three executive floors.

Figure 7: Varadero hotels



Source: CBA

#### Meliã Las Americas Hotel

The Meliã Las Americas Hotel is a five-star luxury beach resort hotel located next to the Varadero Golf Course. It has 340 rooms, including 90 bungalows and 14 suites. It is located on 400 metres of beachfront and operates as an all-inclusive beach resort.

#### Meliã Varadero Hotel

The five-star Meliã Varadero Hotel is located adjacent to the Meliã Las Americas Hotel and the golf course. It has 490 rooms, including seven suites, and is located on 300 metres of beachfront. It operates as an all-inclusive beach resort.

#### Sol Palmeras Hotel

The four-star Sol Palmeras Hotel is located next to the Meliã Varadero Hotel and also borders on the golf course. It has 607 rooms, including 200 bungalows, of which 90 are of suite or deluxe standard. It is located on 500 metres of beachfront and operates as an all-inclusive beach resort.

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## Meliã Trinidad Playa Hotel construction

Figure 8: Meliã Trinidad



Source: CBA

CBA has a 40% economic interest in the TosCuba joint venture company that owns a hotel development project on a four-hectare beachfront site, just outside the town of Trinidad on Cuba's southern coast. Trinidad and the nearby Valle de los Ingenios (the site of many historic sugar mills) are UNESCO world heritage sites. The hotel will, once completed, be a 401-room, four-star resort hotel.

Due to the pandemic, construction of the hotel stalled but the pace of construction has now ramped up to pre-pandemic levels and the estimated completion of construction is by the first quarter of 2023. CBA raised €25m in new funds through the issue of convertible bonds (with a coupon of 10% per annum) in March 2021, which is being used in part to complete the construction of the hotel.

#### Industrial development project in Mariel

In December 2020, CBA acquired a 50% interest in a new multi-phase industrial and logistics project in the Special Development Zone of Mariel. Construction of the first four warehouses of the project, which will total 11,000 sqm, began in the first quarter of 2021. In total, 12 to 16 warehouses can be built on the 11.3-hectare site. CBA paid an initial \$303,175 for its 50% interest. The full investment of the company in the project is expected to be \$1.5m.

The Special Development Zone of Mariel is located around 27 miles to the west of the city of Havana. It is connected by new road and railway links and its port is strategically positioned on the principal shipping route of the Gulf of Mexico, south of Florida and north of the Panama Canal.

As a Special Development Zone, the site has a distinct legal regime and special rules governing corporate, banking, tax, employment and other matters. There are 26 foreign capital companies and 12 joint venture companies currently operating or setting up operations in Mariel, including companies owned by Unilever, Nestlé and British American Tobacco.

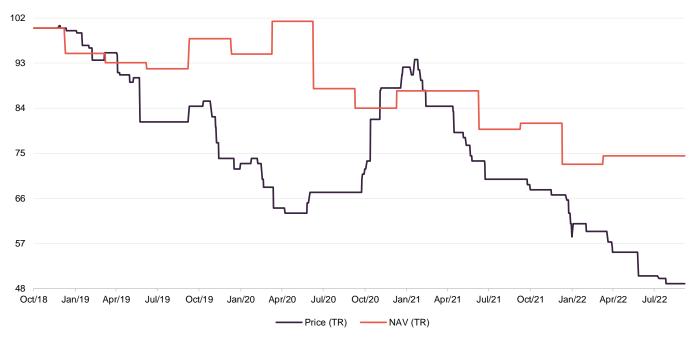
#### **Performance**

CBA's NAV fluctuated from launch as the US sanctions on Cuba escalated under the Trump administration and impacted on the valuation of CBA's portfolio, especially the hotel assets. The NAV is reported in both US dollar and sterling. The NAV here is in sterling and has been influenced by the prevailing dollar/sterling exchange rate. In dollar terms, the NAV has been less volatile. CBA's NAV slumped to its lowest point in December 2021 as the valuation of its assets, especially the hotels, were heavily impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic, ongoing US sanctions and economic uncertainty in Cuba.

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Figure 9: CBA performance since IPO



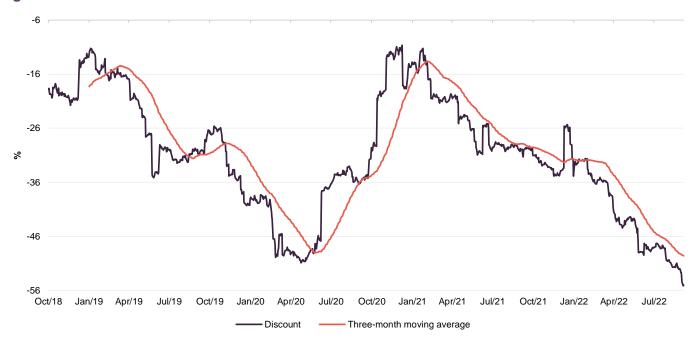
Source: Morningstar, Marten & Co

### **Discount**

CBA's discount to NAV had narrowed substantially from its lows in early 2020 during the pandemic after President Biden won the US election and the probability that US sanctions on Cuba would be eased or reversed altogether rose. This has taken longer to materialise than the market had been expecting which, when coupled with the spread of the Omnicom variant derailing the opening of international travel, widened the discount again and at 27 September 2022 stood at 55.0% (using an exchange rate of £1.00 : \$1.0733 and CBA's NAV at 30 June 2022 of \$1.12).



Figure 10: CBA's discount since IPO



Source: Morningstar, Marten & Co

# **Previous publications**

QuotedData has previously published an initiation note on CBA – Primed for long-term growth, on 14 May 2020. You can read it by clicking the link or by visiting our website.





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123a Kings Road, London SW3 4PL 0203 691 9430

www.QuotedData.com

Registered in England & Wales number 07981621, 2nd Floor Heathmans House, 19 Heathmans Road, London SW6 4TJ Edward Marten (em@martenandco.com)

David McFadyen (dm@martenandco.com)

Colin Edge (ce@martenandco.com)

Nick Potts (ce@martenandco.com)

**INVESTMENT COMPANY RESEARCH:** 

Matthew Read (mr@martenandco.com)

James Carthew (jc@martenandco.com)

Richard Williams (rw@martenandco.com)